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sites where flakework occurs. Moreover, they have carefully drawn typical forms, and prepared a monograph for publication. Amongst some of the sites we find Tirrikiba Paddocks, Merewether, Bar and Redhead Beaches. The search

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ABORIGINAL FLAKEWORK.
Sir.—The presence of aboriginal flakevork in the Newcastle district has
seen known to a few of your observant
ittizens for some time past. Collecting
sas been carried out by these kindred
spirits, and as usual in such cases,
friendly rivalry and keen interest has
resulted in the aggregation of quite
sar remarkable variety of these examples of aboriginal handiwork. Two
zealous icollectors, Messrs, C. W. Loch
and D. F. Cooksey, both of Mayfield,
have gone so far as to map out the
district, indicating thereon the different
sites where flakework occurs. Moreover,
they have carefully drawn typical forms,
see the state of the second control
they have carefully drawn typical forms.

district, indicating thereon the angeneric district, indicating thereon tree angeneric district, indicating thereon tree angeneric district, indicating thereon the artes we then and prepared a monograph for publication. Amongst some of the artes we find Tririking Paddocks, Merewether, Bar and Redhead Beaches. The search for these stone implements is very fascinating, and while they are now found in comparative abundance, the time is not far distant when, owing to the march of civilisation and progress, some, if not all, of these flake sites will be no longer recognisable. The person of average intellect knows, and if not, it is courtesy to inform him, that all nations have gone through the stone implement age. Even our forefathers, the Celts and ancient Britons, flaked filint, and found it good in the manufacture of tools and implements. The aborigines held undisputed sway over our fair Commonwealth perhaps for thousands of years, and in many parts, tespecially in this State, the only evidence of their occupancy is the flaked in implements, so freely scattered about heleful continued the flaked in the state of their occupancy is the flaked in thoughtful citizens will regret that your olocal civic authorities do not show an keeper inferest, and establish a museum to house these and other relices of an interesting people, who lived, loved, and died along the banks of the Hunter, and at the adjacent beaches. I am sure these aforementioned enthusiasts would gladly deposit the beat part of their collections if such an institution were established. At the time of writing, the privates of the Australian Museum have finded in the stone implements of the Newcastle district, that they have instructed me to collect a representative quota from the adjudence might be related, even if the langth is against me, but retold with the object of fostering an interest in these matters. Thinking that the Chinese gardeners at Sandgate might have noticed these implements when turning over the ground, I took some pains to explain all a upon others who wish to add to the sum of human knowledge as so many cranks, an excursion with one of the flint them to all proba

but an excursion with one of the film collectors of Newcastle would cause them to modify their opinion, and in all probability induce some_to foin un with those who spend their spare time in such a profitable way.

W. W. THORPE,

Ethnologist, Australian Masseum.

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